

**PUNKTUATSIYA. TINISH BELGILARI VA ULARNING QO'LLANILISHI****Malika Obidova Zokirjon qizi**

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**ANNOTATSIYA.** Ushbu maqolada tinish belgilari va ularning qo'llanishi haqida ma'lumot berilgan. Tinish belgilarining o'zbek yozma adabiy tilidagi o'rni haqida fikr yuritilgan.

**Kalit so'zlar:** unktuatsiya, tinish belgilar, til

Punktuatsiya tilning sintaktik qurilishi bilan uzviy bog'liq bo'lib, yozma nutqni to'g'ri, ifodali, aniq bayon qilishda, uning uslubiy ravonligi, tez tushunilishini ta'minlashda benihoya zaruriy vositadir. Ilmiy manbalarda, o'quv qo'llanmalarda tinish belgilarning qo'llanish usuli va tartibi punktuatsiyaning mantiqiy-gramatik, uslubiy va farqlash tamoyillari asosida belgilanishi ta'kidlanadi. Bunda mantiqiy gramatik tamoyil nutqning semantik-gramatik tomonini yozuvda to'g'ri ifodalashga qaratilgan bo'lsa, differensiatsiya tamoyili asosidagi qoidalar tinish belgilarning qo'sh holda qo'llanishidagi tartibni, gapdagi murakkab mazmunni aniqlashtirish kerak bo'lganda ulardan foydalanish yo'llarini belgilab beradi. Uslubiy tamoyil tinish belgilarining qo'llanishini nutq uslublari asosida belgilashni nazarda tutadi, lekin bu unchalik to'g'ri emas, chunki muayyan bir uslubgagina xoslangan tinish belgi bo'lmaydi. Zarurat tug'ilganda har qanday uslubda ham xohlagan tinish belgisidan foydalanish mumkin.

Tinish belgilari yozma nutqni to'g'ri, ifodali, mantiqy bayon qilishda, uni ixchamlashda, gap qismlarining o'zaro logik-gramatik munosabatlarini ko'rsatishda muhim grafik vosita sifatida ishlataladi. Punktuatsiya, bir tomonidan yozuvchiga o'z yozma nutqini aniq, to'g'ri va ifodali bayon etish imkoniyatini bersa, ikkinchi tomondan, o'quvchiga muayyan matndagi fikrni yozuvchi bayon etganidek, yozuvchining maqsadiga muvofiq tushuna olish imkoniyatini yaratadi.

Tinish belgilarining qo'llanilishi gaplarning mazmuni, grammatic qurilishi va ohangiga ko'ra bo'linadi Ayrim tinish belgilarning qo'llanilishi gapning mazmuni bilan bog'liq bo'ladi. Jumladan: ifodalonmoqchi bo'lgan mazmun tugallangan bo'lsa, nuqta, undov, so'roq belgisi, uch nuqta qo'yiladi. Tugallanmagan yoki izohtalab tushunchalar ko'p nuqta yoki qavslar bilan ifodalanadi.



Gapda tinish belgilarning o'rni o'zgarsa gaapning mazmuni va sintaktik tuzulishi ham o'zgaradi. Quyidagi misollar bu gapimizning yorqin namunasi.

Ona aziz farzandiga yelni ham ravo ko'rmaydi (Farzandning azizligi ma'nosida).

Ona aziz, farzandiga yelni ham ravo ko'rmaydi (Onaning azizligi nazarda tutilgan).

Punktuatsiya – ijtimoiy hodisa davrlar o'tishi yozuv madaniyatining o'sishi bilan punktuatsiya ham o'zgarib takomillashib bordi. Davrlar o'tishi, yozuvning taraqqiysi va yozuv madaniyatining o'sishi bilan punktuatsiya ham o'zgarib, takomillashib boradi. Yozuvda dastlab qo'llanilgan tinish belgilarning qo'yilish o'rni, usuli, vazifalari hozirgidek aniq va murakkab bo'limgan. Masalan, dastlab yulduzcha va romba tipidagi 10 dan ortiq ishoralar nuqta ornida ishlatilgan. XIX asrning oxiriga kelib, yozuvda hozirgi nuqtaning qo'llanilishi qat'iylashgach, ular nuqtalikdan chiqqan. Demak davr talabiga bog'liq holda punktuatsion sistema o'zgarib boradi, mukammallahadi. Shuningdek, punktuatsiya va punktuatsion sistema tillararo har xildir. Punktuatsiya ayrim xalqlar yozuvida oldinroq ayrimlarida esa nisbatan keyinroq paydo bo'lgan. Masalan, ingliz tili punktuatsion sistemasida o'n ikkita tinish belgi bor. Ularda apostrof va defislар ham tinish belgi sanaladi. O'zbek tilida esa 10ta tinish belgi mavjud. Punktuatsion sistema rus yozuvida XVIII asrda, o'zbek yozuvida esa XIX asrning ikkinchi yarmidan keyin vujudga kelgan.

Tinish belgilari o'z vazifasiga ko'ra, ikkiga bo'linadi;

a) chegaralovchi tinish belgilar- muayyan sintaktik tuzilmaning yoki umumman gapning chegarasini bildirish, bironbir gap bo'lagini intonatsion mazmuniy jihatdan ajratib ko'rsatish, nutq qaratilgan shaxs yoki predmet nomi qamrab olingan, shuningdek, yozuvchi (so'zlovchi)ning subyektiv munosabati ifodalangan sintaktik tuzilma chegarasini ko'rsatish uchun xizmat qiluvchi

b) ajratuvchi tinish belgilari- mustaqil gaplarni, ularning qismlari (bosh va ergash gaplar, bog'langan va bog'lovchisiz qo'shma gaplarning predikativ qismlari)ni, gapning uyushgan bo'laklarini, birgalik ergashishli qo'shma gaplarni, gapning ifoda maqsadiga ko'ra turlarini, tutqning bo'linganligini ko'rsatuvchi tinish belgilari.

Qo'llanish o'rniga ko'ra tinish belgilari 3 guruhga bo'linadi:



- a) Gap oxirida qo'llaniladigan tinish belgilar; nuqta, so'roq va undov belgisi.
- b) Gap o'rtasida qo'llaniladigan tinish belgisi; vergul.
- c) Aralash, ya'ni gapning turli o'rinalarida qo'llanadigan tinish belgilari; tire ikki nuqta, qo'shtirnoq, qavs va ko'p nuqta.

Punktuatsiya – yozuv oynasi. Yozuv orqali ifodalangan har bir gapning mazmuni, ma'no turlari va sintaktik qismlari orasidagi turli munosabatlarni aniqlashda punktuatsiyaning o'rni muhimdir. Punktuatsiya yozuvchi va o'quvchi(kitobxon) o'rtasidagi ijtimoiy aloqa aralashuvni ta'minlashda ham muhimdir.

Ушбу мақолада ўқув луғатларининг умумий луғатлардан нафақат ҳажми, балки ундаги сўзларнинг танланиш мезонлари, луғат қисмларининг таркиби, жойлашуви – мегаструктураси билан ҳам фарқланиши, синоним ўқув луғатлар луғат мақоласи таркибida лексикографик пометалар (турли қисқартмалар, белгилар)га кам ўрин берилганлиги муҳокама қилинади.<sup>1</sup>

This article is dedicated to the research of Adjusted meanings of Moral-spiritual concept defining units in the Uzbek language. And also analyzed the semantic analysis of grammatical shape lexemes of specialized meaning and provide a corresponding recommendation for lexicographical practice in the Uzbek language is one of the actual challenges of linguistics as today's challenge.<sup>2</sup>

Корпус лингвистикасида семантик разметка, унинг теглар тизими, тег категориялари, семантик теглаш муаммолари, кўпмаънолилик ва омонимлик муаммосини ечиш масаласига оид қатор тадқиқотлар вужудга келган.<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Гуландом Мирханова. (2022). СИНОНИМ СЎЗЛАР ЎҚУВ ЛУФАТИНИНГ УМУМИЙ ТУЗИЛИШИ. *Yosh Tadqiqotchi Jurnali*, 1(2), 172–178. Retrieved from <http://2ndsun.uz/index.php/yt/article/view/90>

<sup>2</sup> Gulbahor, T. (2016). Adjusted Meanings of Moral-Spiritual Concept Defining Units. *ANGLISTICUM. Journal of the Association-Institute for English Language and American Studies*, 5(7), 40-45.

<sup>3</sup> Ахмедова, Д. (2020). Семантик разметка тизимида тег гурӯҳлари. *Oriental Art and Culture*, (III), 440-444.



The article discusses the research methods of Uzbek language syntax. In Uzbek linguistics, syntactic phenomena have been studied in detail since the 1930s, and several syntactic theories have emerged in this regard.<sup>4</sup>

The article examines the first dictionary in the Turkish language Mahmud Kashgaris "Devonu lugotit turk" in terms of a dictionary in accordance with the traditions of world lexicography and argues that it is the first appearance of modern complex dictionaries in the Turkish (Uzbek) language.<sup>5</sup>

Now studying scientific heritage, socio-political activities and acquaintance youth charity of our above-stated ancestors is considered one of the main urgent objectives of the modern intellectuals.<sup>6</sup>

This article covers the main place of small business and business in todays market economy. Including scientifically analyzed the development of small business and business, and the legal basis, at this time financially support small business and business, the latter is amended and the rules for this branch of national legislation are added.<sup>7</sup>

Мамлакатимиз тараққиётининг янги босқичида жамият ҳаётининг асосий

негизи бўлмиш оилалар барқарор муҳитини мустаҳкамлаш ва бу масалаларда хотин-қизларнинг ўрни ва аҳамияти ошириш долзарб аҳамият касб этмоқда. Юртимиз аҳолисининг тенг ярмига яқинроғини ташкил этадиган хотин-қизлар жамиятнинг барча соҳаларида самарали фаолият юритмоқда.<sup>8</sup>

In this article are given the importance, role, types of the family in modern society. Its development from ancient times till present is widely described in this article.<sup>9</sup>

<sup>4</sup> Ergashevna, Y. N. (2021). ON METHODS OF RESEARCH OF UZBEK LANGUAGE SYNTAX. *Galaxy International Interdisciplinary Research Journal*, 9(11), 22-28.

<sup>5</sup> Bakhriddinova, B. M. (2020). "DEVONU LUGOTIT TURK" AS A FIRST VIEW OF MODERN COMPLEX EDUCATIONAL DICTIONARIES. *Theoretical & Applied Science*, (4), 981-985.

<sup>6</sup> Tolibjonovich, M. T. (2021). EASTERN RENAISSANCE AND ITS CULTURAL HERITAGE: THE VIEW OF FOREIGN RESEARCHERS. *ResearchJet Journal of Analysis and Inventions*, 2(05), 211-215.

<sup>7</sup> Tolibjonovich, Madumarov T., and Gulomjonov O. R. Ogli. "Lombard Microcredit Organization Its Concept and Its Importance Today." *JournalNX*, vol. 6, no. 10, 2020, pp. 109-111.

<sup>8</sup> Мадумарова Зиёдахон. (2022). ЯНГИЛАНАЁТГАН ЎЗБЕКИСТОНДА ГЕНДЕР МУАММОЛАРИНИ БАРТАРАФ ЭТИШДА АХЛОҚИЙ ҚАДРИЯТЛАРНИНГ ЎРНИ. <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6569712>

<sup>9</sup> Nasriddinovich, A. A. (2020). THE FEATURES OF APPEARING FAMILY IN MODERN SOCIETY. *European science review*, (3-4), 69-72.



The widespread introduction of new pedagogical technologies in teaching students of higher educational institutions and the effective use of innovative technologies are the main support for improving the quality of education.<sup>10</sup>

#### Foydalanilgan adabiyotlar:

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